

The Talk of the Town!

We have sold hundreds of these Suits since they went on sale, but there will be plenty more to-day, as we "plunged" in this purchase of—

Women's \$3.50 Black Mohair Bathing Suits at \$1.98

Don't go to the beach to discover that these Suits are the most remarkable value of the season, for it may spoil your morning bath. We say to the beach, for the women who get these suits will be only too glad to tell their friends, just to make them envious.

Yes, Every Suit Is Salt Waterproof.

If you should select any of our other models—at numerous prices up to \$12.50—you will get the best possible quality.

Modish Caps! Good-Looking Footwear! Moderately Priced.

Every Timely Needful for the Great American Holiday and "Week End"

Second Floor.

Store Closes 5 P. M. Sat., 6 P. M.

Kaufmann & Company

Corner Fourth and Broad Sts.

Social and Personal

An engagement of much interest to society in Richmond, which is announced to-day, is that of Miss Elizabeth Cullen Anderson, daughter of John F. Anderson, of "Montrose Farm," in Louisa County, and Nathaniel Wilson Broome, son of Dr. R. G. B. Broome, formerly of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, but now of Green Springs, Louisa County. The wedding will take place in October. Miss Anderson is a frequent visitor in Richmond, as the guest of Miss Fanny Archer Hobson, on West Franklin Street, and has always been much entertained while here. Her mother was Miss Lizzie Cullen, who belonged to the past generation of brilliant and beautiful women in exclusive society here.

Children's Party. Mr. and Mrs. Leigh Bonnal, of Baltimore, gave a small dance Tuesday evening at Eltham, their country home, in the Green Springs Valley, in honor of their young daughters, Miss Mary Camilla Bonnal and Miss Frances Bonnal. The guests included the members of the set of young girls and boys not yet grown.

Mr. and Mrs. Sager. Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Sager and Mrs. Phillips, of New York, who are motoring through Virginia, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fielding for several days in Powhatan. Mrs. Sager and Mrs. Lewis were associated together in educational work for several years in Washington. Mr. Sager is a member of the law firm of Edmunds, Sager & Weaver, in New York.

Wedding Postponed. On account of the critical condition of her father, William M. Boase, the marriage of Miss Louise Boase to Benjamin P. Wheatley has been postponed.

Leaving Town To-Day. Miss Alice Dooley and Miss Nora Houston are leaving to-day to spend the summer months with Mrs. Lewis and the Misses Lewis at "Lynside," near the Old Sweet Springs, West Virginia.

Class Recital. Mrs. Ruth Clark Davis gave the final recital yesterday for this season to her musical class at her home, at 326 South Pine Street. The scholars who played were: Alice Ambold, Katherine Fraunher, Elsie Dyson, George Kendler, Ethel Melton, Dorothy Browning, Virginia Southall, Noble Harris, Grace Smith, Elizabeth Crafton, Maggie Mann.

Dunlop Flour

IT'S MADE IN RICHMOND

The Dunlop Mills, Richmond, Va.

REINACH, Inc.

107 E. BROAD STREET

MILLINERY—Women's and Misses' Outer Apparel.

See Our 1913 Patterns of GO-CARTS and CARRIAGES.

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PIANOS

Players—the finest made, at makers' prices.

Rountree-Sutherland-Cherry Corporation

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY

of packing household goods and china for shipment.

BIRTHDAY RINGS, BRACELETS, CAMEO BROOCHES.

Smith & Webster

805 East Main.

Shades to Order at Ryan-Smith's

The Low Profit Policy Store

The Velvet Hind

PURITY ICE CREAM Same Quality Every Day. Monroe 1821.



LYNCHBURG PLANT CLOSED DOWN

Work Formerly Done There Has Been Transferred to Richmond.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Lynchburg, Va., July 2.—The local plant of the Booker Tobacco Company, which was absorbed six months ago by the Tobacco Products Corporation, of Richmond, has been closed down, and the business formerly done there will be manufactured from the Richmond plants of the larger concern. The local plant, which is located at Twelfth and Clay Streets, gave employment to about 300 persons. The removal of the plant to-day that the company offered employment to all of its former employees here who cared to follow it to Richmond. About sixty operators and packers have already accepted the offer and it is thought, at least that many more will go to Richmond within the next week or two, most of these preferring to take a short vacation before doing so. The removal of the plant for consolidation with the Tobacco Products Corporation enterprises in Richmond comes as a surprise. The plant was situated at the time of the sale last winter that this would be brought about and as it could be conveniently provided for.

That Lynchburg's interests will not suffer to any appreciable extent by reason of the removal of the plant to Richmond is known on good authority, for another company has been pointed out to-day that the plant along the lines of the old company or on a larger scale. An effort was made to get the plant going as soon as the factory brands can be secured and protected, but that this will require at least three months. Back of the new concern will be ample capital and experienced foremen and bachelors will be at the head of it.

Another couple united by Dr. Martin was Roder Jusselyn, a native of Ohio, but now a merchant at Crozet, this county, and Miss Sallie E. Maupin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Maupin, of this county.

Harrell-Jones. At the home of Mrs. J. P. Jones, Dr. Martin united in marriage Theodore C. Harrell, of Suffolk, and Miss Ruth Jones, the groom is a son of J. B. Harrell, of Cypress Chapel, Nansemond County. The young couple left for a Northern tour.

Double Marriage. Dr. Furman H. Martin, of the First Baptist Church, officiated at a double marriage Tuesday afternoon, at the parsonage, the contracting couples being Claude Henry Beach and Miss Elizabeth Clements, both of this county, and Floyd M. Tyler and Miss Hattie Wood, both of Albemarle. A number of friends and relatives witnessed the double ceremony.

List of Teachers Completed. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Buena Vista, Va., July 2.—At a meeting of the school board held Tuesday morning the list of teachers was completed for next year. There will be fourteen in all, two more than last year. The contract has been let for an addition to the school building, and it will be completed in time for the opening in September. The teachers are as follows: Professor J. P. McClure, principal; Miss Mary D. Richerson, Hattie B. Gibson, Mary W. Hodges, Irene Ordorff, Elsie Keller and Myrtle Orr, of this city; Miss Grant, of Norfolk; Miss Lillian Mann, of Charlottesville; Miss Mary DeLong, of Lithia; Miss Nancy L. Simmons, of Martinsville, and Miss Margaret S. West, of Bell Haven.

Prospecting for Zinc. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Bristol, Va., July 2.—The fabulous sum brought by zinc sittings scraped up around the Embreyville, Tenn., mine, has caused big excitement as to the prospects for zinc in the mountains there. Members of the Iron company, together with others, are now prospecting in that region, and it is stated that the zinc deposits are very rich. It has been found in practically every one of a number of shafts sunk. If present indications signify the one-half that is anticipated, that region will be the richest of zinc deposits and promises to be one of the most important operations of the kind in this country. It is believed that the American Zinc Company has one of these deposits, and that company is now operating at other points in East Tennessee.

Hotels Will Continue in Spite of Drought. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Wilmington, N. C., July 2.—The sensation sprung yesterday by the managers of three large hotels at Wrightsville, N. C., that they would close their doors in the event of a drought, has been found to be a number of shafts sunk. If present indications signify the one-half that is anticipated, that region will be the richest of zinc deposits and promises to be one of the most important operations of the kind in this country. It is believed that the American Zinc Company has one of these deposits, and that company is now operating at other points in East Tennessee.

Troops Reach Wytheville. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Wytheville, Va., July 2.—The eight troops of the Eleventh United States Cavalry, with machine gun platoon and band, on the march from Fort Oglethorpe to Winchester, arrived in Wytheville, Va., yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and will leave in the morning at 6 o'clock. The men and horses have borne the extreme weather of the past week well and while showing the effects of the heat are in fit condition. Many persons from Wytheville went out to the camp and the arrival of this large command has caused no little interest in the quiet community.

Postal Revenues Increase. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Lynchburg, Va., July 2.—The revenues of the Lynchburg post-office during the fiscal year ending June 30, showed an increase of \$8,520.55 compared with the previous year. The total income for the twelve months being \$156,178.13, the gain being about 8 per cent. Every month during the period showed an increase over the corresponding month the year before, with the exception of August, where a loss of about \$500 was sustained.

Many Dog Licenses. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Alexandria, Va., July 2.—A total of 357 dog licenses have been issued by the City Auditor thus far this year. The time limit for issuing licenses is past, expiring yesterday.

Primary Plans Completed. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Alexandria, Va., July 2.—The City Democratic Committee held a meeting to-night and completed plans for the primary which will be held July 8 next for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the State Legislature. The candidates are: J. Fred Birrell, member of the Common Council from the Third Ward, and John W. Southern, member of the Southern Railway locomotive engineer, and Major E. W. R. Ewing, a lawyer, of Ballston, Alexandria County.

Plants Will Close. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Alexandria, Va., July 2.—The three glass factories here will close down to-morrow for the annual summer holidays, and will not resume operations until next September. Five hundred men and boys are employed at the three factories.

Cox Is Appointed. Alexandria, Va., July 2.—Reginald F. Cox to-day was appointed deputy clerk of the Corporation and City Courts for this city, vice Louis N. Duffey, resigned.



Store Will Be Closed All Day July 4

Sale of White Ratine and Pique Wash Skirts

Wide Wall Figure Skirts; also in repp, the new styles; \$1.19 and \$1.25 regular price; special, \$1.00. White Ratine Skirts, the two-piece models, tucked backs, \$2.98. White Ratine Skirts, in the stylish new models, in all sizes; special, \$2.98 and \$3.98.

ARCHEOLOGY IS ONE OF HOBBIES OF NICHOLAS

Few Outside of His Own Dominions Know of His Interest in Subject.

BY LA MARQUE DE FONTENAY. A MONG the hobbies of Nicholas II., there is one of which few outside of his own dominions are aware, namely, archeology, and he takes the keenest possible interest in the work of the Imperial Archeological Society, which only in the present reign, and through his influence, has become an active agent in studying, preserving and restoring the innumerable antiquities that abound in Russia, but which are ignored abroad. Under his superintendence and at his instigation and expense, exploration and investigation of an archeological character have been in progress for some years past, at Vladimir, Suzdal, Jaroslavl and Kosaroma, all of them seats of government of those grand princes of the same Viking stock that gave to England her early Kings and her Norman conquerors, that same stock, indeed, from which the Romanoffs are descended, who have now ruled over Russia for just 300 years. These grand princes finally united to form the nucleus of the kingdom of Muscovy, out of which grew, by the concretion of centuries of conquest, the Empire of All the Russias.

One of the grand princes of Jaroslavl married the sister of King Harold of England, who was killed in the battle of Hastings. Vladimir, now the center of the cotton-spinning industry of Russia, figures extensively in the Muscovite history; those quasi-historical, fragmentary episodes in verse, on the scale of the Epics of Homer, and of the Sagas of Scandinavia. Russia has been renowned for centuries in Russia for its great masterly prison, and the late Count Tolstoy had a narrow escape from incarceration for life there as the arch enemy of the Orthodox Church. Kosaroma has still its finely preserved ancient Kremlin and monasteries, where the delegates of the Russian people just three centuries ago sought out of his enforced seclusion young Michael Romanoff, and offered him the throne of the kingdom of Muscovy.

The archeological treasures of an entire empire, which figure so largely in the ancient history of Russia, remained forgotten and untouched until the present Czar turned the activities of the Imperial Archeological Society in their direction with astounding results. For the richness of its great coveries are almost beyond belief, and it is a pity that no attempt should be made by the kindred archeological societies abroad to publish translations of the reports which are issued periodically by the Imperial Society at St. Petersburg.

Nicholas has made a point of visiting most of these places himself. Indeed, there has never been any ruler of Russia who has traveled so extensively in his dominions, and it must be remembered that traveling in Russia is no joke from the moment when the railroad is left behind, since good roads there are scarce, and cannot be improvised in a week. As Czarévitch, he crossed the entire empire, from the Pacific coast of Siberia to the Baltic shores in Europe, before the Siberian Railway came into existence; a journey that involved thousands of miles on and behind horses. Indeed, the mileage of his travels on horseback, by sleigh and by carriage, even since

his accession to the throne, is enormous. But it has brought him into closer touch with the people than any of his predecessors.

The example which Nicholas has set, has been followed by force by his Cabinet ministers and others of the ruling class, who, up to the time of his accession, oscillated comfortably between the luxury of their offices in St. Petersburg and the amenities of the principal European resorts of fashion, health and pleasure. Now, taking the cue from their sovereign, they are obliged to visit the various localities and provinces of the empire, in order to be in a position to answer the demands for information about the monarch and his court. Put to them by both the monarch and his court, they are subject to personal supervision with the result that much abuse of petty authority, much corruption and tyranny have been ended.

Sir Louis Mallet's appointment to the post of British ambassador at Constantinople may be taken as indicating that Sir Edward Grey, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, is determined upon having an envoy at Stamboul who is in thorough sympathy with the British Government. This is not surprising, considering when Sir Gerard Lowther was there; and it is not because Sir Gerard was in ill health, as stated at the time of his recall, but because he was completely out of touch with Sir Edward Grey, and Sir Gerard was a man with a good deal of strength and determination of character, who was convinced that, being on the spot at Constantinople, where he had previously served for a number of years as secretary of embassy, acquiring a complete mastery of the Turkish language, he had a better comprehension of the real conditions in the Ottoman Empire than Sir Edward in Downing Street.

Although hailed with the greatest acclamation on his arrival at Constantinople to take up his duties as ambassador there four years ago, Sir Gerard never took any stock in the Young Turk party, and was forever expressing in his dispatches his conviction that their rule would prove disastrous to the Ottoman Empire. Sir Edward, in London, was convinced of the contrary, and, naturally, did not relish it when ultimately Sir Gerard's predictions came true. In fact, the two men have been at odds ever since Sir Gerard was sent to Stamboul as ambassador, where he persisted in carrying out his own ideas instead of those of his chief in London.

Sir Louis Mallet was for several years Sir Edward Grey's private secretary, and has since then been assistant Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, being promoted to that office because he was so thoroughly identified with Sir Edward's policies. That also is why he has now been sent to Constantinople as ambassador, with a salary of \$45,000 a year, all sorts of allowances, a fine house at Constantinople, a large country seat for the hot weather, on the most picturesque portion of the shores of the Bosphorus, both fully furnished and maintained for him at government expense, and a yacht which he may even use as a yacht when he wishes to go cruising either in the Mediterranean or in the Black Sea.

Sir Louis, who is in his fiftieth year, has held diplomatic appointments at Rio de Janeiro, Rome and Cairo, besides being private secretary to Lord Lansdowne when the latter was Minister of Foreign Affairs. He owes the hap to his name to the Knight Commander of the Bath which he received last year. The real name of his family is Mallet du Pan, and he is the great-grandson of that Mallet du Pan who, hailing from an old family of Geneva, edited in Paris in the early years of the revolution, the then leading newspaper in France, the *Mercur de France*. His grandfather had been in sympathy with the constitutional reforms, he was bitterly opposed to the revolutionary movement, and when Louis XVI. and his consort were captured at Varennes and imprisoned in the Temple, he undertook the hazardous mission of endeavoring to seek aid in their behalf from Emperor Leopold of Austria. In consequence of this, he was forced by the anger of the Terrorist leaders, who were determined to have his life, to seek refuge in England, where he became a prominent figure in public life, and took an active part in the defense of Warren Hastings, dying early in the nineteenth century. His correspondence was edited and published by the great French historian, Talleyrand.

His grandson, that is, Sir Louis, the father of the new ambassador to Constantinople, was the late Sir Louis Mallet, Under Secretary of State for India; while a brother of the ambassador is Charles Mallet, Financial Secretary to the War Department, the man who has the direction of the finances of the British army, and the preparation of the annual military estimates. His work on the French Revolution created such an impression on the great London publishing houses of Messrs. Chapman and Co. that when he submitted his MS. to them, they not only undertook the publication, but also invited him to become a member of their firm, to which he belongs to-day.

Sir Louis Mallet is a bachelor, an excellent linguist, and a peculiarly sympathetic manner, and is known for his tact. He is likely to prove a success at Constantinople.

Incidentally, it may be stated that the English Secretaryship of State for Foreign Affairs, as now constituted, dates from 1721, and which, during its duties were fulfilled by the Secretary of State for the so-called Southern Department. The first actual Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs was Charles James Fox, with Richard Bristley Sheridan as under secretary. It is difficult to imagine a more brilliant and romantic debut for the Foreign Office.

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BUTTER CONCERN IN REVENUE TOOLS

Two Norfolk Men Arrested for Illegally Coloring Oleomargarine.

Agents of the United States revenue service yesterday raided the establishment of the Norfolk Butter Company, in Norfolk, and arrested two of the proprietors, N. P. White and Norman Levy, on the charge of violating the internal revenue laws relative to manufacturing oleomargarine. The two men were brought before the United States Commissioner, and on advice of counsel, waived preliminary examination. The offense with which they are charged is punishable by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 and imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

They are charged by Colonel Chapman's agents with systematically coloring white oleomargarine, without complying with the government tax, for the purpose of defrauding the government of its revenue. Under the present law recently enacted by Congress, a tax of 10 cents per pound is imposed on oleomargarine which has been artificially colored to resemble butter, while a tax of one cent per pound is imposed on the uncolored oleomargarine.

Caught Red-Handed. Under the provisions of this law the coloring matter must be added to the white oleomargarine only by manufacturers who have complied with the government regulations, including the filing of a bond. The law provides that any one coloring even a pound of oleomargarine shall be classed as a manufacturer and restrictions placed on oleomargarine manufacturers. Violations of this law, both profitable and frequent, it is said. As the 10 cent tax is paid by the manufacturer, the small dealers often buy the uncolored oleomargarine from the manufacturers, inject the coloring compound themselves, escape the heavy tax and sell the colored product at a substantial profit.

This is the offense which Deputy Agents Carter and Sifford charge against the Norfolk Butter Company. According to the report, these two officers made yesterday to Revenue Agent Chapman, they caught the Norfolk Butter Company in a red-handed violation of this law. When they entered the establishment, they allege, that they found two negroes at work coloring a large quantity of white oleomargarine under the supervision of a white man. At the sight of the officers the negroes fled, but the white man submitted to arrest. One of the negroes was overtaken, but afterward made his escape.

Arrests by revenue agents for this offense have not been frequent in this district, although a Richmond dealer told in his hands only last year, and several years ago a Norfolk concern was seized.

GRAIN EXCHANGE ELECTS OFFICERS

Receipts Increase 553,945 Bushels—More Oats and Rye; Less Corn and Wheat.

Officers were elected and the annual report of receipts issued at the regular annual meeting of the Richmond Grain Exchange yesterday. The directors for the coming year are W. F. Richardson, Jr., W. D. Saunders, N. R. Savage, Edward Alvey, Thomas L. Moore, C. W. Wingfield, H. W. Wood, S. T. Beveridge, George R. Cary, Y. E. Booker is secretary.

The receipts of grains show a total increase of 553,945 bushels. The increase in oats alone was 1,533,175 bushels, and in rye, 15,701 bushels. There was a decrease in wheat of 706,675 bushels, and in corn of 612,259 bushels. The receipts of various grains from July 1, 1912, to July 1, 1913, were as follows:

Wheat, 1,329,150 bushels; corn, 1,933,759; oats, 4,617,083; rye, 143,065. The receipts of flour were 253,000 bushels; hay, 32,534 tons, and millfeed, 27,103 bushels. The receipts of flour increased over the preceding year 44,191 pounds; receipts of hay decreased 4,653 tons, and of millfeed, 2,293 bushels.

Haydon-McDaniel. Heathsville, Va., July 2.—Miss Lucy McDaniel and Alva H. Haydon, both of Heathsville, were married at the Baptist parsonage at that place yesterday by Rev. H. J. Goodwin.

Diamond Rings

Are possessions which appeal to all. We show only the finest goods, and prospective purchasers inspect here with fullest confidence.

SCHWARZCHILD BROS., Richmond's Leading Jewelers, Second and Broad Sts.

Use Pratt's Astral Oil for Incubators.

N. Klein & Son, Inc.

3 East Broad.

Hopkins Furniture Co.

7 West Broad St.

Cash or Credit.

EASTMAN KODAKS,

\$1.00 to \$60.00,

at

Tragle's

Ladies' Tan Rubber Sole

Oxfords, \$2.25.

ALBERT STEIN

KING OF SHOES,

Corner 5th and Broad

Dreyfus

"Specialists in Apparel for Women."

Broad at Second.